

**Supplementary material**

## Supplemental Information

### Appendix 1 - Movement Characteristics

*Species-averaged data used in the analysis. Median values were selected from N days (indicated below). Data source from Movebank or from co-authors*

Species	# of Birds	# of Days	Relative Speed at Midday	Movement Bouts	Activity Duration	First Activity Relative to Sunrise	Last Activity Relative to Sunset	Proportion of Active Diel Hours	Movement Data Source
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	25	3141	1.079	1.706	5.862	3	0.000	0.704	Movebank
<i>Anas acuta</i>	5	150	0.486	2.154	3.210	1	2.000	0.661	Movebank
<i>Anas clypeata</i>	4	86	0.341	2.311	3.078	-1	1.000	0.649	Movebank
<i>Anas penelope</i>	4	62	0.288	2.056	2.789	2	2.000	0.647	Movebank
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	117	2097	0.314	3.247	2.855	-3	3.000	0.397	Movebank
<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	7	26	0.179	1.667	2.184	5	1.000	0.460	Movebank
<i>Anser cygnoides</i>	21	878	0.646	2.545	4.525	-1	2.000	0.613	Movebank
<i>Anser indicus</i>	45	1122	0.614	1.929	3.914	2	2.000	0.727	Movebank
<i>Ardea alba</i>	9	676	0.502	2.828	4.207	1	1.000	0.663	Movebank
<i>Ardea herodias</i>	1	23	0.913	3.594	4.594	-4	3.000	0.568	Movebank
<i>Buteo regalis</i>	9	785	0.766	2.526	5.341	4	3.000	0.754	Coauthor
<i>Bycanistes bucinator</i>	12	161	0.737	1.725	3.430	2	-2.000	0.618	Coauthor
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>	11	31	0.532	1.361	17.361	-5	3.000	0.979	Movebank
<i>Cathartes aura</i>	35	5533	1.143	1.690	2.615	3	-1.000	0.595	Movebank & Coauthor
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	35	4441	0.933	2.274	4.630	1	1.000	0.578	Movebank
<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	10	876	1.104	1.299	5.195	2	0.000	0.804	Coauthor
<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	7	1171	1.006	2.194	2.917	2	-1.000	0.633	Movebank & Coauthor
<i>Corvus corax</i>	1	57	0.523	2.053	9.248	0	1.000	0.912	Movebank
<i>Corvus rhipidurus</i>	4	621	0.818	1.371	6.971	2	-2.000	0.906	Movebank
<i>Corvus ruficollis</i>	3	497	0.929	1.526	9.167	0	2.000	0.973	Movebank
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	4	118	0.908	2.183	3.810	1	-4.000	0.664	Movebank
<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	9	36	0.753	1.421	5.447	2	-1.000	0.482	Coauthor
<i>Fregata minor</i>	5	22	0.325	0.850	9.400	-6	4.000	0.433	Coauthor
<i>Geronticus eremita</i>	9	808	0.823	1.932	5.936	1	0.000	0.811	Movebank

Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT

---

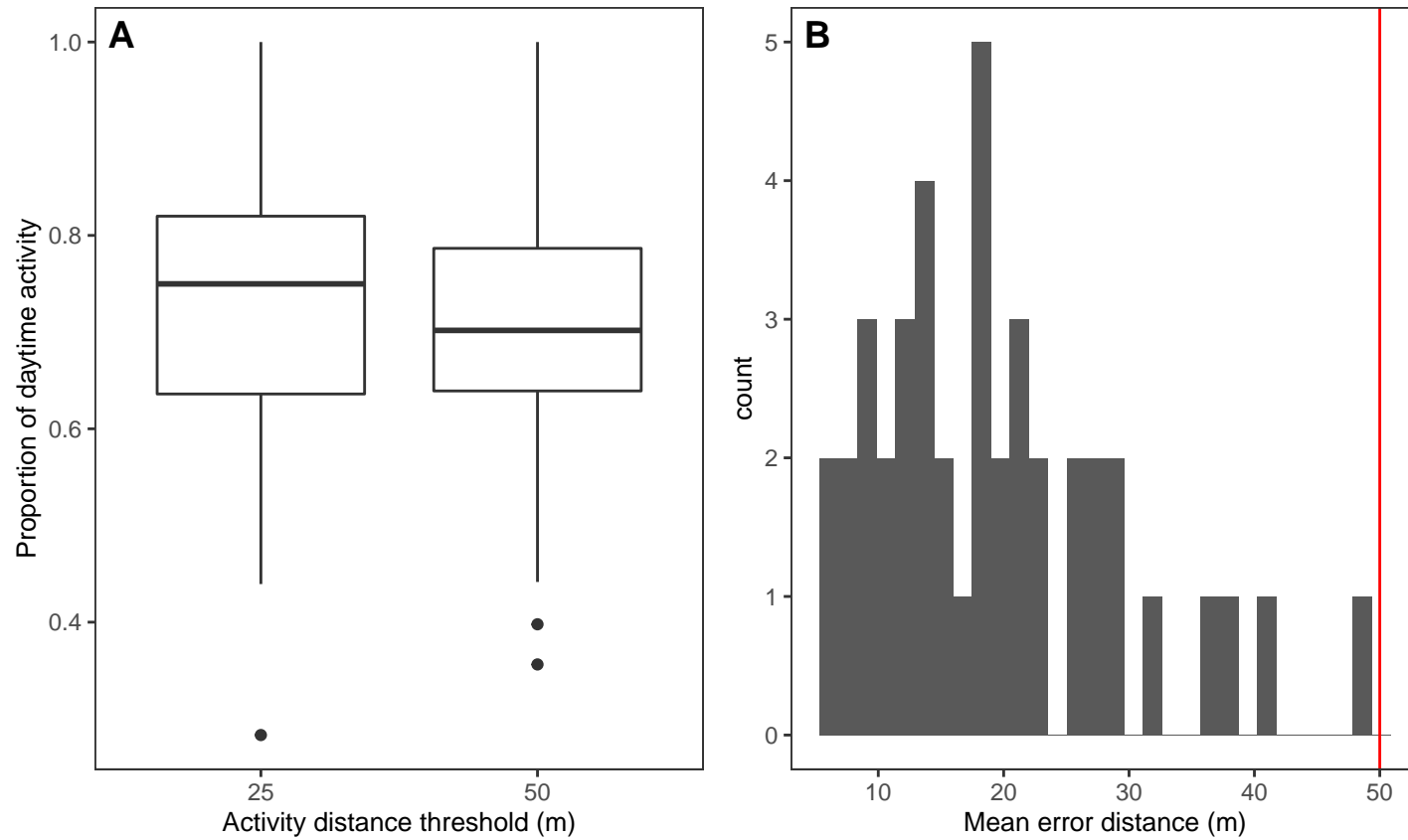
<i>Grus grus</i>	3	125	0.622	2.019	6.292	1	-1.000	0.819	Movebank
<i>Grus nigricollis</i>	5	60	0.798	1.876	5.908	1	-2.000	0.783	Movebank
<i>Gymnogyps californianus</i>	87	7194	1.072	2.118	3.023	2	-2.000	0.652	Movebank
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	16	2723	1.120	1.751	5.063	2	-1.000	0.719	Movebank
<i>Gyps africanus</i>	10	989	0.826	1.314	3.862	5	-1.286	0.601	Movebank
<i>Gyps coprotheres</i>	19	4237	1.111	1.380	4.184	3	-3.000	0.684	Movebank
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	74	8751	1.163	1.488	4.419	4	-1.000	0.711	Movebank
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	23	3418	0.945	2.533	3.941	1	0.000	0.736	Movebank
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	17	1840	0.664	2.869	5.367	0	1.000	0.635	Movebank
<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>	11	1105	1.297	1.523	3.635	2	0.000	0.731	Movebank
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	15	1960	1.049	1.681	5.603	2	0.000	0.793	Movebank
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	41	4158	0.908	2.943	4.399	1	0.000	0.696	Movebank
<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>	4	264	0.598	2.139	2.540	2	-1.000	0.588	Movebank
<i>Phaethon aethereus</i>	12	35	0.545	1.920	6.000	1	1.000	0.941	Movebank
<i>Phoebastria immutabilis</i>	22	44	0.767	1.733	6.667	-5	4.000	0.995	Coauthor
<i>Phoebastria irrorata</i>	15	654	0.932	1.270	8.545	-5	4.000	0.765	Movebank
<i>Phoebastria nigripes</i>	12	35	0.548	1.833	6.528	-5	4.000	0.994	Coauthor
<i>Phoenicopus roseus</i>	8	244	0.636	1.877	4.333	1	1.000	0.793	Movebank
<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>	8	260	0.254	2.324	3.395	1	2.000	0.640	Movebank
<i>Sula dactylatra</i>	74	328	0.417	1.157	3.271	2	-1.000	0.360	Coauthor
<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	38	165	0.640	1.790	4.234	2	-1.000	0.493	Coauthor
<i>Sula sula</i>	13	45	0.471	1.262	5.405	0	2.000	0.413	Coauthor
<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	16	686	0.546	1.961	3.883	2	2.000	0.722	Movebank
<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>	12	948	0.560	1.692	3.093	1	0.000	0.600	Coauthor
<i>Torgos tracheliotos</i>	2	200	0.921	1.190	5.363	4	-1.000	0.737	Movebank

---

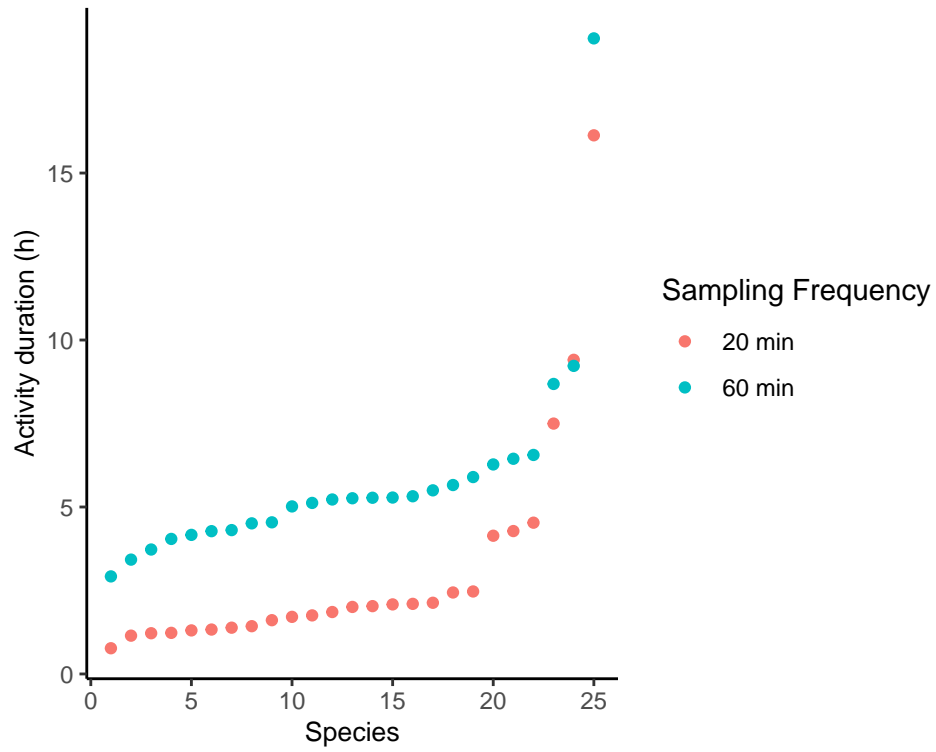
## Appendix 2

### *Activity Distance Thresholds and Sampling Frequency Comparisons*

Supplemental Figure 1: A) The effect of 25 and 50m activity distance thresholds on the proportion of daytime activity show no significant difference, indicating our methods do not underreport activity. B) All mean error distances across species were below 50 m, our activity distance threshold (indicated in red).



Supplemental Figure 2: Comparisons of effect of sampling frequency on activity duration using 25 species with high resolution data. Datasets were subsampled at 20 min and 60 min frequencies. Effect on activity duration is linear.



Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT

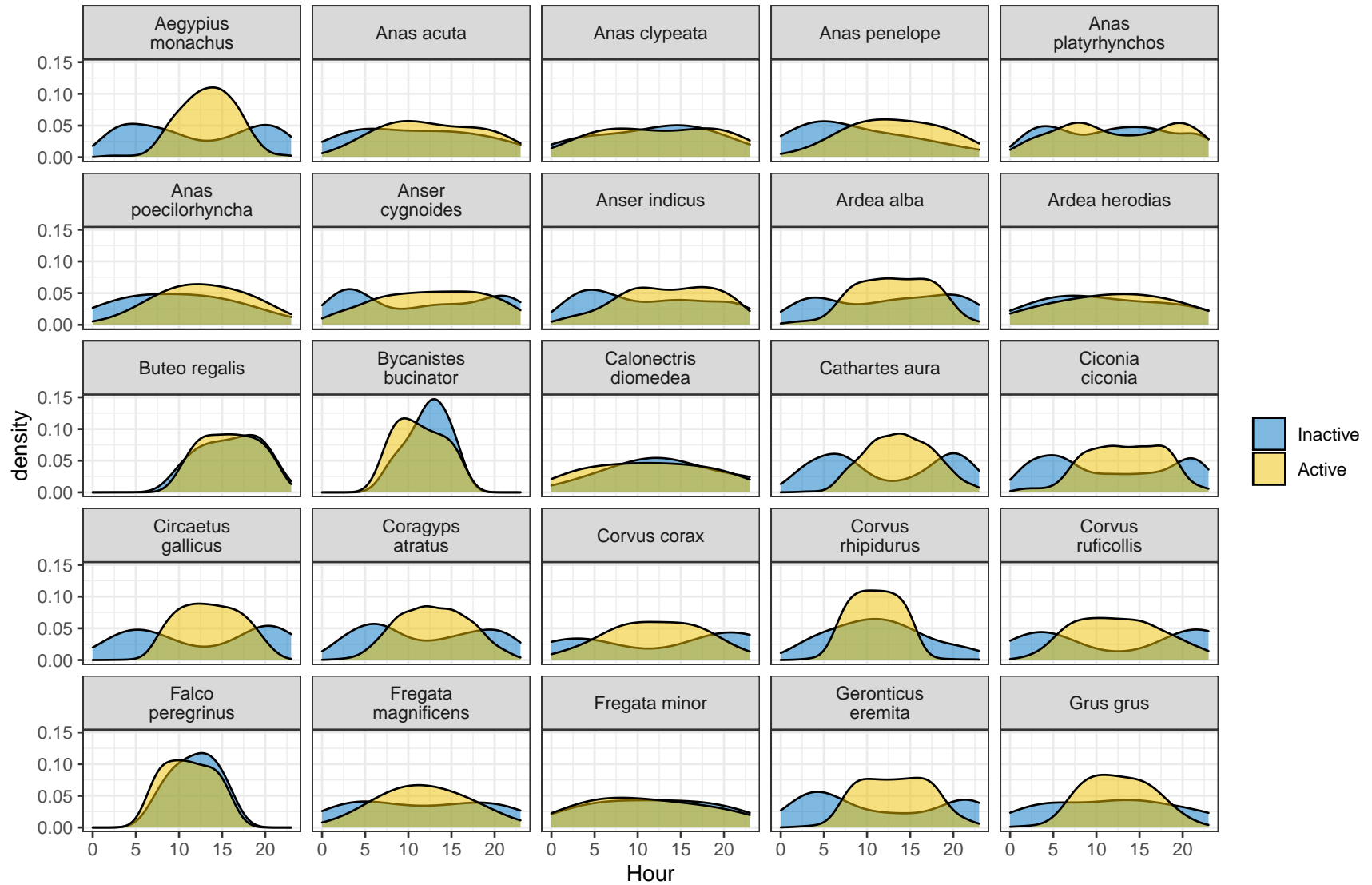
---

*Species that had mean sampling start and end times that overlapped with the hour of sunrise or sunset*

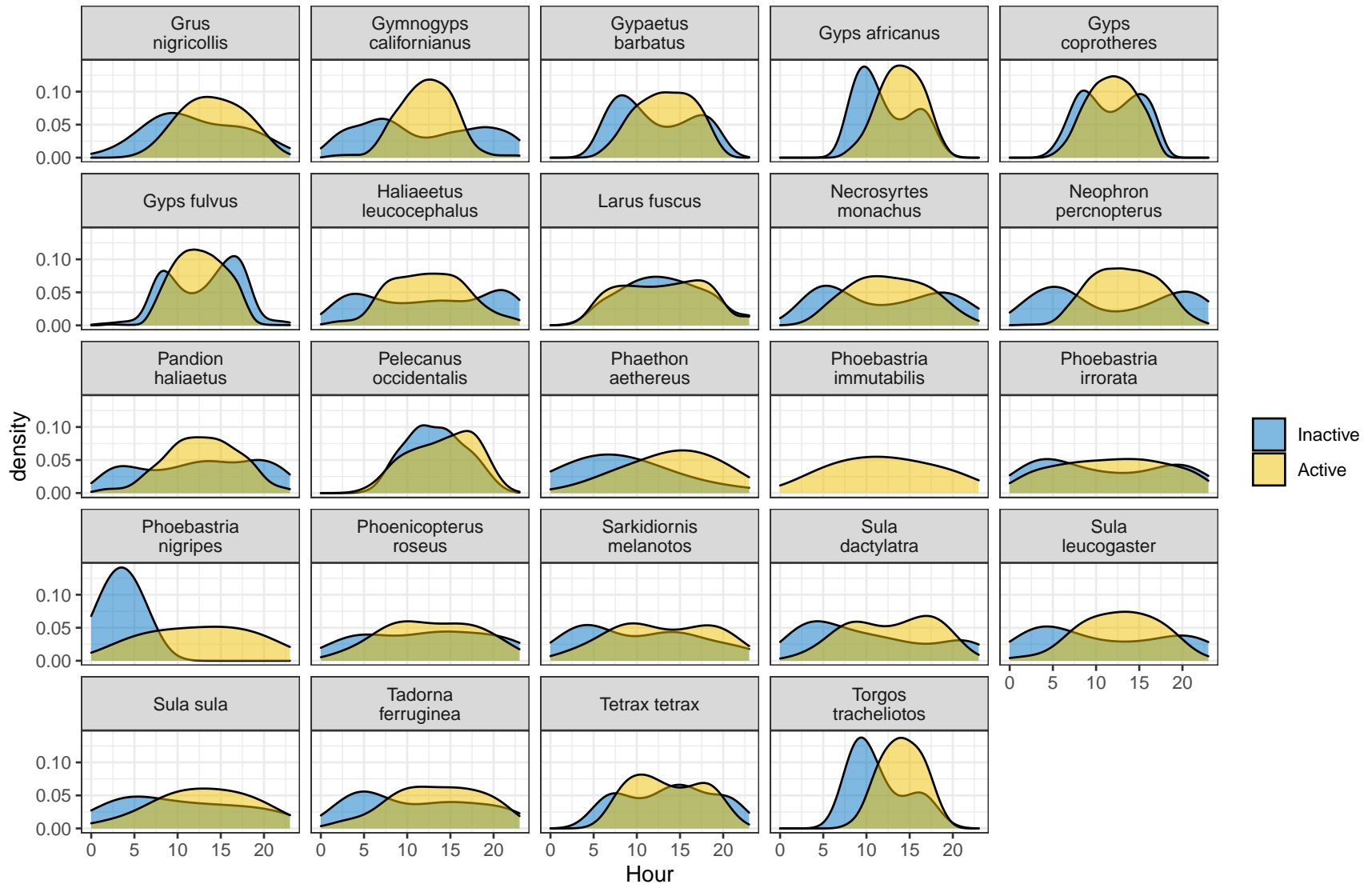
Taxa	Mean sampling start time at or after sunrise	Mean sampling end time at or after sunset
Bycanistes bucinator	X	X
Circaetus gallicus	X	
Grus nigricollis	X	X
Gymnogyps californianus	X	
Gypaetus barbatus	X	X
Gyps africanus	X	X
Gyps coprotheres	X	X
Gyps fulvus	X	
Pandion haliaetus	X	
Pelecanus occidentalis	X	
Phaethon aethereus	X	X
Tetrax tetrax	X	
Anas poecilorhyncha		X
Anser indicus		X
Corvus rhipidurus		X
Grus grus		X
Sula dactylatra		X

### Appendix 3

Daily distribution of active hours for all species in our dataset



Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT





## Appendix 4

**Morphological Characteristics** *Morphological characters were averaged from values compiled from the literature. Values used were averaged across all records. Aspect ratio values in bold were estimated from a related species.*

Species	IOOrder	Mass (kg)	Wing Span	Wing Area	Wing Loading	Aspect Ratio	Relative Wing Loading	Morphology Citations
Aegypius monachus	Accipitriformes	9.00000	2.73	0.96	9.39	7.74	4.55	1, 2, 3
Anas acuta	Anseriformes	0.97000	0.89	0.09	11.35	9.25	11.48	1, 4, 5
Anas clypeata	Anseriformes	0.71000	0.74	0.06	12.06	9.23	13.48	1, 2, 6
Anas penelope	Anseriformes	0.78000	0.82	0.08	9.54	8.35	10.37	1, 5, 7
Anas platyrhynchos	Anseriformes	1.12000	0.89	0.10	10.72	7.5	10.32	2, 4, 5, 7
Anas poecilorhyncha	Anseriformes	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	author
Anser cygnoides	Anseriformes	2.76000	1.65	0.34	8.09	7.97	5.78	8
Anser indicus	Anseriformes	2.41000	1.53	0.28	8.59	8.34	6.43	7, 9
Ardea alba	Pelecaniformes	0.86000	1.44	0.24	3.63	8.74	3.81	2, 4, 5, 7
Ardea herodias	Pelecaniformes	1.77000	1.78	0.43	4.11	7.35	3.41	1, 2, 7, 10, 11
Buteo regalis	Accipitriformes	1.15000	1.43	0.25	4.64	8.28	4.43	3, 12, 13
Bycanistes bucinator	Bucerotiformes	0.65000	0.71	0.07	9.77	7.6	11.27	14
Calonectris diomedea	Procellariiformes	0.53499	1.21	0.11	8.49	13.14	3.95	15
Cathartes aura	Accipitriformes	1.65000	1.72	0.43	3.83	6.89	3.25	3, 7, 10, 11, 16, 17
Ciconia ciconia	Ciconiiformes	3.30000	1.57	0.55	6.01	4.47	4.05	4, 5, 18
Circaetus gallicus	Accipitriformes	1.66000	1.77	0.41	4.02	7.57	3.40	3, 4, 6, 9, 18, 19
Coragyps atratus	Accipitriformes	1.97000	1.43	0.33	5.92	6.15	4.73	3, 7, 10, 17, 18
Corvus corax	Passeriformes	1.17000	1.28	0.25	4.72	6.63	4.48	4, 5, 11
Corvus rhipidurus	Passeriformes	0.44000	1.11	0.18	2.47	<b>6.92</b>	3.24	20
Corvus ruficollis	Passeriformes	0.72000	1.16	0.19	3.70	6.92	4.13	5
Falco peregrinus	Falconiformes	0.76000	1.02	0.13	6.02	8.32	6.60	2, 3, 4, 5, 7
Fregata magnificens	Suliformes	1.40000	2.15	0.40	3.51	11.62	3.15	7, 10, 18
Fregata minor	Suliformes	1.21000	2.03	0.35	3.43	11.6	3.22	11, 21, 22
Geronticus eremita	Pelecaniformes	1.29000	1.20	0.25	5.07	5.65	4.66	10, 23, 24
Grus grus	Gruiformes	5.10000	2.24	0.62	8.22	8.11	4.80	1, 5, 25
Grus nigricollis	Gruiformes	6.14000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	26
Gymnogyps californianus	Accipitriformes	9.87000	2.81	1.14	8.67	6.94	4.07	3, 18, 27, 28
Gypaetus barbatus	Accipitriformes	5.55000	2.56	0.74	7.50	8.83	4.26	3, 18, 27, 28
Gyps africanus	Accipitriformes	5.54000	2.18	0.71	7.74	6.63	4.40	3, 7, 18, 29, 30
Gyps coprotheres	Accipitriformes	9.29000	2.48	0.91	10.23	<b>6.78</b>	4.90	3, 29
Gyps fulvus	Accipitriformes	7.04000	2.59	0.99	7.13	6.78	3.75	3, 4, 7, 31, 32
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Accipitriformes	4.68000	2.15	0.76	6.19	6.09	3.72	3, 10, 13
Larus fuscus	Charadriiformes	0.72000	1.34	0.19	3.72	9.28	4.15	5
Necrosyrtes monachus	Accipitriformes	2.00000	1.68	0.44	4.59	6.47	3.65	3, 18

Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT

Neophron percnopterus	Accipitriformes	1.92000	1.64	0.39	4.86	6.82	3.92	3, 4, 5, 18, 26, 33
Pandion haliaetus	Accipitriformes	1.58000	1.61	0.31	5.11	8.38	4.39	5
Pelecanus occidentalis	Pelecaniformes	3.11000	2.22	0.46	6.71	10.64	4.61	2, 4, 7, 10, 11, 18
Phaethon aethereus	Phaethontiformes	0.66000	1.06	0.11	6.02	10.27	6.90	7, 21, 34, 35
Phoebastria immutabilis	Procellariiformes	3.15000	2.01	0.30	10.45	13.41	7.15	11, 21, 36, 37, 38
Phoebastria irrorata	Procellariiformes	3.23000	2.25	0.35	9.35	14.65	6.35	21, 37, 38, 39
Phoebastria nigripes	Procellariiformes	3.33000	2.12	0.32	10.26	13.85	6.89	21, 36, 37, 38
Phoenicopterus roseus	Phoenicopteriformes	2.44000	1.58	0.30	8.13	8.31	6.06	40
Sarkidiornis melanotos	Anseriformes	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Sula dactylatra	Suliformes	1.43000	1.53	0.21	6.87	11.31	6.11	21, 34
Sula leucogaster	Suliformes	1.25000	1.51	0.19	6.51	11.77	6.04	7, 21, 34
Sula sula	Suliformes	1.30000	1.54	0.21	6.22	11.27	5.70	7, 21, 34
Tadorna ferruginea	Anseriformes	1.32000	1.33	0.24	5.60	7.5	5.11	41
Tetrax tetrax	Otidiformes	0.87000	0.77	0.11	7.83	5.36	8.21	6, 9, 42
Torgos tracheliotos	Accipitriformes	7.26000	2.71	0.93	7.81	7.88	4.06	3, 4, 6, 7, 30, 43

<sup>1</sup> Viscor and Fuster (1987) <sup>2</sup> Poole (1938) <sup>3</sup> Ferguson-Lees et al. (2001) <sup>4</sup> Bruderer and Boldt (2001) <sup>5</sup> Alerstam et al. (2007)  
<sup>6</sup> Greenewalt (1962) <sup>7</sup> Pennycuick (2008) <sup>8</sup> Brazil (2009) <sup>9</sup> Hawkes et al. (2011) <sup>10</sup> Pennycuick (1997) <sup>11</sup> Wang and Clarke (2015)  
<sup>12</sup> Jaksić and Carothers (1985) <sup>13</sup> Snyder and Wiley (1976) <sup>14</sup> Kemp and Woodcock (1995) <sup>15</sup> Wilman et al. (2016)  
<sup>16</sup> Grilli et al. (2017) <sup>17</sup> Houston (1988) <sup>18</sup> Brower (1983) <sup>19</sup> Panuccio, Agostini, and Premuda (2012), Mellone et al. (2011)  
<sup>20</sup> Tchernov (1993) <sup>21</sup> Spear and Ainley (1997) <sup>22</sup> Schreiber and Schreiber (1988) <sup>23</sup> Völkl and Fritz (2017) <sup>24</sup> Portugal et al. (2014)  
<sup>25</sup> Pennycuick (1972) <sup>26</sup> Johnsgard (1983) <sup>27</sup> Koford (1953) <sup>28</sup> Campbell Jr and Tonni (1983) <sup>29</sup> Mendelsohn et al. (1989)  
<sup>30</sup> Pennycuick (1971) <sup>31</sup> Bildstein et al. (2009) <sup>32</sup> Xirouchakis and Poulakakis (2008) <sup>33</sup> Ceccolini (2001)  
<sup>34</sup> Hertel and Ballance (1999) <sup>35</sup> Stonehouse (1962) <sup>36</sup> H. Frings and Frings (1961) <sup>37</sup> Tickell (2000) <sup>38</sup> Warham (1996)  
<sup>39</sup> Suryan (2008) <sup>40</sup> Deville et al. (2014) <sup>41</sup> Carboneras and Kirwan (n.d.) <sup>42</sup> Raihani et al. (2006) <sup>43</sup> Mundy and Butchart (1992)

**Diet Characteristics and Flight Mode** All ecological characters except flight and foraging mode were taken from Elton 1.0 database (Wilman et al. 2016). Note, carrion is included within vertebrates.

Species	Diet Type	% Invertebrates	% Fish	% Carrion	% Fruit	% Vertebrates	% Plants	Flight Mode
Aegyptius monachus	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
Anas acuta	Omnivore	30	0	0	0	0	70	Flapping
Anas clypeata	Invertebrate	60	0	0	0	0	40	Flapping
Anas penelope	Plant	0	0	0	0	0	100	Flapping
Anas platyrhynchos	Omnivore	40	10	0	0	10	40	Flapping
Anas poecilorhyncha	Seed	10	0	0	0	0	90	Flapping
Anser cygnoides	Plant	0	0	0	0	0	100	Flapping
Anser indicus	Plant	0	0	0	0	0	100	Flapping
Ardea alba	Fish	40	20	0	0	40	0	Flapping
Ardea herodias	Fish	30	50	0	0	20	0	Flapping
Buteo regalis	Vertebrate	0	0	0	0	100	0	Soaring
Bycanistes bucinator	Fruit	10	0	0	80	10	0	Flapping
Calonectris diomedea	Fish	30	50	20	0	20	0	Soaring

Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT

---

<i>Cathartes aura</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	Carnivore	20	20	0	0	60	0	Soaring
<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	Vertebrate	0	0	0	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	Scavenger	0	10	80	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Corvus corax</i>	Omnivore	10	10	20	10	50	20	Soaring
<i>Corvus rhipidurus</i>	Omnivore	30	0	0	30	10	30	Soaring
<i>Corvus ruficollis</i>	Omnivore	30	0	20	10	50	10	Soaring
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	Vertebrate	10	0	0	0	90	0	Flapping
<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	Fish	10	60	10	0	30	0	Soaring
<i>Fregata minor</i>	Fish	20	60	10	0	10	0	Soaring
<i>Geronticus eremita</i>	Invertebrate	50	10	0	0	30	10	Flapping
<i>Grus grus</i>	Omnivore	10	0	0	10	20	60	Soaring
<i>Grus nigricollis</i>	Omnivore	20	10	0	0	30	40	Soaring
<i>Gymnogyps californianus</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Gyps africanus</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Gyps coprotheres</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	Fish	0	60	20	0	40	0	Soaring
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	Omnivore	30	30	10	10	30	0	Flapping
<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>	Scavenger	20	0	80	0	80	0	Soaring
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	Scavenger	10	10	60	0	80	0	Soaring
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Fish	0	100	0	0	0	0	Soaring
<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>	Fish	10	80	10	0	10	0	Soaring
<i>Phaethon aethereus</i>	Fish	20	80	0	0	0	0	Flapping
<i>Phoebastria immutabilis</i>	Invertebrate	70	30	0	0	0	0	Soaring
<i>Phoebastria irrorata</i>	Invertebrate	60	40	0	0	0	0	Soaring
<i>Phoebastria nigripes</i>	Invertebrate	20	70	10	0	10	0	Soaring
<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	Invertebrate	50	10	0	0	0	40	Soaring
<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>	Plant	30	0	0	0	0	70	Flapping
<i>Sula dactylatra</i>	Fish	0	100	0	0	0	0	Flapping
<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	Fish	30	70	0	0	0	0	Flapping
<i>Sula sula</i>	Fish	40	60	0	0	0	0	Flapping
<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	Plant	10	20	0	0	10	70	Flapping
<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>	Invertebrate	10	0	0	0	0	90	Flapping
<i>Torgos tracheliotos</i>	Scavenger	0	0	100	0	100	0	Soaring

---

**Foraging Characteristics**

Species	Ground	Above Ground	Freshwater	Pelagic Specialist	Pelagic Diver	Pelagic Surface	Foraging Habitat
<i>Aegyptius monachus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Anas acuta</i>	30	0	70	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Anas clypeata</i>	0	0	100	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Anas penelope</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	20	0	80	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Anser cygnoides</i>	80	0	20	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Anser indicus</i>	80	0	20	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Ardea alba</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Ardea herodias</i>	40	0	60	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Buteo regalis</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Bycanistes bucinator</i>	40	60	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Above Ground
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>	0	0	0	1	50	50	Pelagic Surface
<i>Cathartes aura</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	70	0	30	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	60	40	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Corvus corax</i>	80	20	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Corvus rhipidurus</i>	90	10	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Corvus ruficollis</i>	80	20	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	40	60	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Above Ground
<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	0	0	0	1	20	80	Pelagic Surface
<i>Fregata minor</i>	0	0	0	1	20	80	Pelagic Surface
<i>Geronticus eremita</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Grus grus</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Grus nigricollis</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Gymnogyps californianus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Gyps africanus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Gyps coprotheres</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	30	10	60	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Larus fuscus</i>	30	0	70	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	0	0	100	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>	0	0	0	1	100	0	Pelagic Diver
<i>Phaethon aethereus</i>	0	0	0	1	80	20	Pelagic Diver
<i>Phoebastria immutabilis</i>	0	0	0	1	0	100	Pelagic Surface

Diurnal timing of nonmigratory movement by birds - SUPPLEMENT

---

<i>Phoebastria irrorata</i>	0	0	0	1	0	100	Pelagic Surface
<i>Phoebastria nigripes</i>	0	0	0	1	0	100	Pelagic Surface
<i>Phoenicopus roseus</i>	0	0	100	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>	50	0	50	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Sula dactylatra</i>	0	0	0	1	100	0	Pelagic Diver
<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	0	0	0	1	100	0	Pelagic Diver
<i>Sula sula</i>	0	0	0	1	100	0	Pelagic Diver
<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	0	0	100	0	0	0	Freshwater
<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground
<i>Torgos tracheliotos</i>	100	0	0	0	0	0	Terrestrial Ground

---

## Appendix 5

*A list of R packages used and why they were used.*

adehabitatLT, marcher, **movement trajectory analysis and plotting**  
cluster, ks, vegan, **clustering analysis and environmental fittings**  
data.table, dplyr, lubridate, readr, reshape, R.utils, stringr, tidyr, **data wrangling**  
lutz, **to convert from UTC to localtime**  
recurse, **to identify nesting areas of pelagic birds**  
suncalc, **to get local sunrise, sunset, and solar noon times**  
egg, ggplot2, ggpubr, kableExtra, pander, viridis, **manuscript formatting and plotting**

## References

- Alerstam, Thomas, Mikael Rosén, Johan Bäckman, Per GP Ericson, and Olof Hellgren. 2007. "Flight Speeds Among Bird Species: Allometric and Phylogenetic Effects." *PLoS Biology* 5 (8): e197.
- Auguie, Baptiste. 2019. *Egg: Extensions for 'Ggplot2': Custom Geom, Custom Themes, Plot Alignment, Labelled Panels, Symmetric Scales, and Fixed Panel Size*. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=egg>.
- Bildstein, Keith L, Marc J Bechard, Christopher Farmer, and Laura Newcomb. 2009. "Narrow Sea Crossings Present Major Obstacles to Migrating Griffon Vultures *Gyps Fulvus*." *Ibis* 151 (2): 382–91.
- Brazil, Mark. 2009. *Birds of East Asia: China, Taiwan, Korea, Japan, and Russia*. Princeton University Press.
- Brower, James C. 1983. "The Aerodynamics of Pteranodon and Nyctosaurus, Two Large Pterosaurs from the Upper Cretaceous of Kansas." *Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology*, 84–124.
- Bruderer, Bruno, and Andreas Boldt. 2001. "Flight Characteristics of Birds: I. Radar Measurements of Speeds." *Ibis* 143 (2): 178–204.
- Campbell Jr, Kenneth E, and Eduardo P Tonni. 1983. "Size and Locomotion in Teratorns (Aves: Teratornithidae)." *The Auk* 100 (2): 390–403.
- Carboneras, C, and G. M Kirwan. 2018. "Ruddy Shelduck (*Tadorna Ferruginea*)." *Handbook of the Birds of the World Alive*. *Lynx Edicions, Barcelona*. In: del Hoyo, J., Elliott, A., Sargatal, J., Christie, D.A. & de Juana, E. (eds.). <https://www.hbw.com/node/52835>.
- Ceccolini, Guido, Anna Cenerini, and Adrian Aebischer. 2009. "Migration and Wintering of Released Italian Egyptian."
- Deville, Anne-Sophie, Sophie Labaude, Jean-Patrice Robin, Arnaud Béchet, Michel Gauthier-Clerc, Warren Porter, Megan Fitzpatrick, Paul Mathewson, and David Grémillet. 2014. "Impacts of Extreme Climatic Events on the Energetics of Long-Lived Vertebrates: The Case of the Greater Flamingo Facing Cold Spells in the Camargue." *Journal of Experimental Biology* 217 (20): 3700–3707. <https://doi.org/10.1242/jeb.106344>.
- Dowle, Matt, and Arun Srinivasan. 2018. *Data.table: Extension of 'Data.frame'*. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=data.table>.
- Ferguson-Lees, J., D. A. Christie, K. Franklin, D. Mead, and P. Burton. 2001. *Raptors of the World*. Princeton Field Guides. Houghton Mifflin. <https://books.google.com/books?id=hlIztc05HTQC>.
- Frings, Hubert, and Mable Frings. 1961. "Some Biometric Studies on the Albatrosses of Midway Atoll." *The Condor* 63 (4): 304–12. <http://www.jstor.org/stable/1365623>.
- Garnier, Simon. 2018. *Viridis: Default Color Maps from 'Matplotlib'*. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=viridis>.
- Greenewalt, Crawford H. 1962. "Dimensional Relationships for Flying Animals." *Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections*.
- Grilli, Maricel Graña, Sergio A Lambertucci, Jean-François Therrien, and Keith L Bildstein. 2017. "Wing Size but Not Wing Shape Is Related to Migratory Behavior in a Soaring Bird." *Journal of Avian Biology* 48 (5): 669–78.
- Grolemund, Garrett, and Hadley Wickham. 2011. "Dates and Times Made Easy with lubridate." *Journal of Statistical Software* 40 (3): 1–25. <http://www.jstatsoft.org/v40/i03/>.

- Hawkes, Lucy A, Sivananinthaperumal Balachandran, Nyambayar Batbayar, Patrick J Butler, Peter B Frappell, William K Milsom, Natsagdorj Tsevenmyadag, et al. 2011. "The Trans-Himalayan Flights of Bar-Headed Geese (*Anser Indicus*).” *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 108 (23): 9516–9.
- Hertel, Fritz, and Lisa T. Ballance. 1999. "Wing Ecomorphology of Seabirds from Johnston Atoll.” *The Condor* 101 (3): 549–56. <http://www.jstor.org/stable/1370184>.
- Houston, David C. 1988. "Competition for Food Between Neotropical Vultures in Forest.” *Ibis* 130 (4): 402–17.
- Jaksić, Fabian M, and John H Carothers. 1985. "Ecological, Morphological, and Bioenergetic Correlates of Hunting Mode in Hawks and Owls.” *Ornis Scandinavica*, 165–72.
- Johnsgard, Paul A. 1983. "Cranes of the World: Black-Necked Crane (*Grus Nigricollis*).” *Cranes of the World*, by Paul Johnsgard, 5.
- Kemp, Alan C, and Martin Woodcock. 1995. *The Hornbills: Bucerotiformes*. Vol. 1. Oxford University Press, USA.
- Koford, Carl B. 1953. *The California Condor*. 4. National Audubon Society.
- Maechler, Martin, Peter Rousseeuw, Anja Struyf, Mia Hubert, and Kurt Hornik. 2018. *Cluster: Cluster Analysis Basics and Extensions*.
- Mellone, Ugo, Rubén Limiñana, Egidio Mallia, and Vicente Urios. 2011. "Extremely Detoured Migration in an Inexperienced Bird: Interplay of Transport Costs and Social Interactions.” *Journal of Avian Biology* 42: 468–72. <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1600-048X.2011.05454.x>.
- Mendelsohn, JM, AC Kemp, HC Biggs, R Biggs, and CJ Brown. 1989. "Wing Areas, Wing Loadings and Wing Spans of 66 Species of African Raptors.” *Ostrich* 60 (1): 35–42.
- Mundy, P. J., and Duncan Butchart. 1992. *The Vultures of Africa*. Academic.
- Oksanen, Jari, F. Guillaume Blanchet, Michael Friendly, Roeland Kindt, Pierre Legendre, Dan McGlenn, Peter R. Minchin, et al. 2018. *Vegan: Community Ecology Package*. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=vegan>.
- Pennycook, Colin J. 1971. "Gliding Flight of the White-Backed Vulture *Gyps Africanus*.” *Journal of Experimental Biology* 55 (1): 13–38.
- . 1972. "Soaring Behaviour and Performance of Some East African Birds, Observed from a Motor-Glider.” *Ibis* 114 (2): 178–218.
- . 1997. "Actual and 'optimum' flight Speeds: Field Data Reassessed.” *Journal of Experimental Biology* 200 (17): 2355–61.
- . 2008. *Modelling the Flying Bird*. Vol. 5. Elsevier.
- Poole, Earl L. 1938. "Weights and Wing Areas in North American Birds.” *The Auk* 55 (3): 511–17.
- Portugal, Steven J, Tatjana Y Hubel, Johannes Fritz, Stefanie Heese, Daniela Trobe, Bernhard Voelkl, Stephen Hailes, Alan M Wilson, and James R Usherwood. 2014. "Upwash Exploitation and Downwash Avoidance by Flap Phasing in Ibis Formation Flight.” *Nature* 505 (7483): 399.
- Raihani, Gina, Tamás Székely, M. Alejandro Serrano-Meneses, Christian Pitra, and Paul Goriup. 2006. "The Influence of Sexual Selection and Male Agility on Sexual Size Dimorphism in Bustards (*Otididae*).” *Animal Behaviour* 71 (4): 833–38. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.anbehav.2005.06.013>.



- Schreiber, Elizabeth Anne, and Ralph W Schreiber. 1988. "Great Frigatebird Size Dimorphism on Two Central Pacific Atolls." *The Condor* 90 (1): 90–99.
- Snyder, Noel FR, and James W Wiley. 1976. *Sexual Size Dimorphism in Hawks and Owls of North America*. 20. American Ornithologists' Union.
- Spear, Larry B, and David G Ainley. 1997. "Flight Behaviour of Seabirds in Relation to Wind Direction and Wing Morphology." *Ibis* 139 (2): 221–33.
- Stonehouse, Bernard. 1962. "The Tropic Birds (genus Phaethon) of Ascension Island." *Ibis* 103 (2): 124–61.
- Suryan, David J. AND Shaffer, Robert M. AND Anderson. 2008. "Wind, Waves, and Wing Loading: Morphological Specialization May Limit Range Expansion of Endangered Albatrosses." *PLOS ONE* 3 (12): 1–8. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0004016>.
- Tchernov, Etian. 1993. "Exploitation of Birds During the Natufian and Early Neolithic of the Southern Levant." *Archaeofauna*, no. 2.
- Tickell, W. L. N. 2000. *Albatrosses*. Yale University Press.
- Viscor, G, and JF Fuster. 1987. "Relationships Between Morphological Parameters in Birds with Different Flying Habits." *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology Part A: Physiology* 87 (2): 231–49.
- Völkl, Bernhard, and J Fritz. 2017. "Relation Between Travel Strategy and Social Organization of Migrating Birds with Special Consideration of Formation Flight in the Northern Bald Ibis." *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences* 372 (1727): 20160235.
- Wang, Xia, and Julia A Clarke. 2015. "The Evolution of Avian Wing Shape and Previously Unrecognized Trends in Covert Feathering." *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences* 282 (1816): 20151935.
- Warham, John. 1996. *The Behaviour and Population Ecology of the Petrels*. Academic Press.
- Wickham, Hadley. 2016. *Ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis*. Springer-Verlag New York. <http://ggplot2.org>.
- . 2018. *Scales: Scale Functions for Visualization*. <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=scales>.
- Wilman, Hamish, Jonathan Belmaker, Jennifer Simpson, Carolina de la Rosa, Marcelo M. Rivadeneira, and Walter Jetz. 2016. "EltonTraits 1.0: Species-Level Foraging Attributes of the World's Birds and Mammals." Wiley. <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.c.3306933.v1>.
- Xirouchakis, Stavros M, and Nikos Poulakakis. 2008. "Biometrics, Sexual Dimorphism and Gender Determination of Griffon Vultures *Gyps Fulvus* from Crete." *Ardea* 96 (1): 91–99.