

**Supplementary material**

## Appendix 1

```
## JAGS (BUGS) code for Bayesian models in "Delayed Timing of Breeding as a Cost of Reproduction" ##
# Model code written by ML – September 2013

#####
### ARRIVAL ###
#####

#data
#arr1 = arrival date in year 1
#arr2 = arrival date in year 2
#eggdat = standardized egg-laying date in year 1
#flh = field layer height (short versus tall)
#age = female age (young versus older)
#yr = year
#fail = birds who failed and didn't renest (1/0)
#renest = birds who failed and renested (1/0)

model{

#priors
mu.alpha ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.arr1 ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.eggdat ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.fail ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.age ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
tau ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)
tau.alpha ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)

#model
for(i in 1:length(arr2)){

arrival[i]~dlnorm(-alpha[yr[i]] +b.arr1*arr1[i] +b.eggdat*eggdat[i] +b.renest*renest[i] +b.fail*fail[i] +b.flh*flh[i]
+b.age*age[i]

arr2[i]~dnorm(arrival[i],tau) }

#control for year effects
for(k in 1:max(yr)){
alpha[k] ~ dnorm(mu.alpha, tau.alpha) }

#derive predictions
pred.c<-mu.alpha +b.arr1*mean(arr1) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age)

pred.r<-mu.alpha +b.arr1*mean(arr1) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age) +b.renest

pred.f<-mu.alpha +b.arr1*mean(arr1) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age) +b.fail

renest.control.diff<-pred.r-pred.c
fail.control.diff<-pred.f-pred.c
renest.fail.diff<-pred.r-pred.f } #close model
```

```

#####
### Arrival-Breeding INTERVAL ###
#####

#data
#int.y = number days between arrival and egg laying
#arr = arrival date in year 2
#eggdat = standardized egg-laying date in year 1
#flh = field layer height (short versus tall)
#age = female age (young versus older)
#yr = year
#fail = birds who failed and didn't renest (1/0)
#renest = birds who failed and renested (1/0)

model{
#priors
mu.alpha ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.arr ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.eggdat ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.fail ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.age ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
tau ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)
tau.alpha ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)

#model
for(i in 1:length(int.y)){

interval[i]<-alpha[yr[i]] +b.arr*arr[i] +b.eggdat*eggdat[i] +b.renest*renest[i] +b.fail*fail[i] +b.flh*flh[i]
+b.age*age[i]

int.y[i]~dnorm(interval[i],tau) }

#control for year effects
for(k in 1:max(yr)){
alpha[k] ~ dnorm(mu.alpha, tau.alpha) }

#derive predictions
pred.c<-mu.alpha +b.arr*mean(arr) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age)

pred.r<-mu.alpha +b.arr*mean(arr) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age) +b.renest

pred.f<-mu.alpha +b.arr*mean(arr) +b.eggdat*mean(eggdat) +b.flh*mean(flh) +b.age*mean(age) +b.fail

renest.control.diff<-pred.r-pred.c
fail.control.diff<-pred.f-pred.c
renest.fail.diff<-pred.r-pred.f

} #close model

```

```
#####  
### EGG LAYING DATE ###  
#####
```

```
#data
```

```
#eld.y = egg laying date date in year 2  
#eggdat = standardized egg-laying date in year 1  
#flh = field layer height (short versus tall)  
#age = female age (young versus older)  
#yr = year  
#fail = birds who failed and didn't renest (1/0)  
#renest = birds who failed and renested (1/0)
```

```
model{
```

```
#priors
```

```
mu.alpha ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
b.eggdat ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
b.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
b.fail ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
b.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
b.age ~ dnorm(0,.0001)  
tau ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)  
tau.alpha ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)
```

```
#model
```

```
for(i in 1:length(eld.y)){
```

```
eld[i]<-alpha[yr[i]]+b.eggdat*eggdat[i]+b.renest*renest[i]+b.fail*fail[i]+b.flh*flh[i]+b.age*age[i]
```

```
eld.y[i]~dnorm(eld[i],tau) }
```

```
#control for year effects
```

```
for(k in 1:max(yr)){  
alpha[k] ~ dnorm(mu.alpha, tau.alpha) }
```

```
#derive predictions
```

```
pred.c<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean(eggdat)+b.flh*mean(flh)+b.age*mean(age)  
pred.r<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean(eggdat)+b.flh*mean(flh)+b.age*mean(age)+b.renest  
pred.f<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean(eggdat)+b.flh*mean(flh)+b.age*mean(age)+b.fail
```

```
renest.control.diff<-pred.r-pred.c  
fail.control.diff<-pred.f-pred.c  
renest.fail.diff<-pred.r-pred.f
```

```
} #close model
```

```
#####  
### FLEDGLINGS ZIP MODEL ###  
#####
```

```
#data
```

```
#fled.y = number of chicks fledged in year 2  
#eggdat = standardized egg-laying date in year 1  
#flh = field layer height (short versus tall)  
#age = female age (young versus older)  
#yr = year  
#fail = birds who failed and didn't renest (1/0)  
#renest = birds who failed and renested (1/0)
```

```
model{
```

```
#priors
```

```

mu.alpha ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.eggdat ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.fail ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.age ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
tau.alpha ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)
tau.psi ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)
mu.psi ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
bps.eggdat ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
bps.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
bps.nest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
bps.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
bps.fail ~ dnorm(0,.0001)

#model
#binomial part of ZIP controlling for true absences

for(i in 1:length(fled.y)){

psi[i]<-ilogit(alpha.psi[yr[i]] +bps.eggdat*eggdat[i] +bps.flh*flh[i] +bps.renest*renest[i] +bps.fail*fail[i])

w[i]~dbern(psi[i])

#count part of ZIP looking at true Poisson distribution

fledged[i]<-exp(alpha[yr[i]] +b.eggdat*eggdat[i] +b.renest*renest[i] +b.fail*fail[i] +b.flh*flh[i] +b.age*age[i])

#combining Binomial (1/0) and Poisson (count)

eff.lambda[i]<-fledged[i]*w[i]
fled.y[i]~dpois(eff.lambda[i])
}

#control for year effects
for(k in 1:max(yr)){
alpha[k] ~ dnorm(mu.alpha, tau.alpha)
alpha.psi[k] ~ dnorm(mu.psi, tau.psi) }

#derive predictions for groups if egg laying date in year 2 is the same
log(count.c)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean.egg+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age
log(count.r)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean.egg+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age+b.renest
log(count.f)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean.egg+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age+b.fail

zip.c<-ilogit(mu.psi+bps.eggdat*mean.egg+bps.flh*mean.flh)
zip.r<-ilogit(mu.psi+bps.eggdat*mean.egg+bps.flh*mean.flh+bps.renest)
zip.f<-ilogit(mu.psi+bps.eggdat*mean.egg+bps.flh*mean.flh+bps.fail)

pred.c<-count.c*zip.c
pred.r<-count.r*zip.r
pred.f<-count.f*zip.f

renest.control.diff<-pred.r-pred.c
fail.control.diff<-pred.f-pred.c
renest.fail.diff<-pred.r-pred.f

# derive predictions for groups if egg laying date in year 2 differ according to group-level differences in egg laying date
log(count.c)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*mean.egg+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age
log(count.r)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*(mean.egg+1.05)+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age+b.renest
log(count.f)<-mu.alpha+b.eggdat*(mean.egg-3.32)+b.flh*mean.flh+b.age*mean.age+b.fail

zip.c<-ilogit(mu.psi+bps.eggdat*mean.egg+bps.flh*mean.flh)

```

```

zip.r<-ilogit(mu.psi+bpsi.eggdat*(mean.egg+1.05)+bpsi.flh*mean.flh+bpsi.renest)
zip.f<-ilogit(mu.psi+bpsi.eggdat*(mean.egg-3.32)+bpsi.flh*mean.flh+bpsi.fail)

pred.c<-count.c*zip.c
pred.r<-count.r*zip.r
pred.f<-count.f*zip.f

renest.control.diff<-pred.r-pred.c
fail.control.diff<-pred.f-pred.c
renest.fail.diff<-pred.r-pred.f

} #close model

#####
### ADULT RETURN RATES (SURVIVAL) ###
#####

#data
#return.y = was adult seen in following year (1/0)
#flh = field layer height (short versus tall)
#age = female age (young versus older)
#yr = year
#fail = birds who failed and didn't renest (1/0)
#renest = birds who failed and renested (1/0)

model{

#priors
mu.alpha ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.renest ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.age ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
b.flh ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
tau.alpha ~ dgamma(.0001,.0001)

#model

for(i in 1:length(return.y)){
  survival[i]<-ilogit(alpha[yr[i]]+b.renest*renest[i]+b.age*age[i]+b.flh*flh[i])
  return.y[i]~dbern(survival[i])
}

#random effects of yr
for(k in 1:max(yr)){
  alpha[k]~dnorm(mu.alpha, tau.alpha)
}

#predictions

pred.c<-ilogit(mu.alpha+b.age*mean(age)+b.flh*mean(flh))
pred.r<-ilogit(mu.alpha+b.renest+b.age*mean(age)+b.flh*mean(flh))
diff<-pred.c-pred.r

} # close model

```